S4S8-RPA phosphorylation as an indicator of cancer progression in oral squamous cell carcinomas.

Jeff Rector  
*University of Nebraska Medical Center*

Sasha Kapil  
*University of Nebraska Medical Center*

Kelly J. Treude  
*University of Nebraska Medical Center*

Phyllis Kumm  
*University of Nebraska Medical Center, pkumm@unmc.edu*

Jason G. Glanzer  
*University of Nebraska Medical Center*

*See next page for additional authors*

Follow this and additional works at: [http://digitalcommons.unmc.edu/cod_articles](http://digitalcommons.unmc.edu/cod_articles)

Part of the [Dentistry Commons](http://digitalcommons.unmc.edu/cod_articles)

---

Recommended Citation

Rector, Jeff; Kapil, Sasha; Treude, Kelly J.; Kumm, Phyllis; Glanzer, Jason G.; Byrne, Brendan M.; Liu, Shengqin; Smith, Lynette M.; DiMaio, Dominick J.; Giannini, Peter J.; Smith, Russell B.; and Oakley, Greg G., "S4S8-RPA phosphorylation as an indicator of cancer progression in oral squamous cell carcinomas." (2017). *Journal Articles: College of Dentistry*. 27.  
[http://digitalcommons.unmc.edu/cod_articles/27](http://digitalcommons.unmc.edu/cod_articles/27)

---

This Article is brought to you for free and open access by the College of Dentistry at DigitalCommons@UNMC. It has been accepted for inclusion in Journal Articles: College of Dentistry by an authorized administrator of DigitalCommons@UNMC. For more information, please contact [digitalcommons@unmc.edu](mailto:digitalcommons@unmc.edu).
**S4S8-RPA phosphorylation as an indicator of cancer progression in oral squamous cell carcinomas**

Supplementary Materials

**Supplementary Figure S1:** Representative images of RPA (A, B, C) and S4S8-RPA (D, E, F) staining observed in OSCC via immunohistochemistry. Examples of representative of high (A, D), medium (B, E) and low (C, F) antibody signal at 50X and 200X.